



Wealth & Securities

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BEST EXECUTION POLICY

(Previously POLICY FOR BEST EXECUTION OF ORDERS)

Version n°5

Approved by the Board of Directors of Banque de Patrimoines Privés as of April 11, 2025

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1. PURPOSE

The Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 (“MIFID II”), in effect since 3 January 2018 on Markets in Financial Instruments and amending Directive 2011/61/EU and Directive 2002/92/EC, strengthened the rules of good conduct applicable to financial intermediaries.

The aim of this policy (henceforth, the “**Policy**”) is to describe the best execution policy of Banque de Patrimoines Privés S.A. (henceforth “**BPP**” or the “**Bank**”), the obligation of “Best Execution” being one of the pillars of MIFID II.

More specifically the Policy aims at ensuring the Bank implements all sufficient steps to obtain the best possible outcome for its clients considering execution factors as further detailed in the Policy. In any case, when dealing with clients, the Bank shall act honestly, fairly, professionally and in the best interest of its clients.

The Policy is watched by the Authorized Management and the Best Execution & Brokers Monitoring Committee, who has been mandated by the Executive Committee to review and analyze the implementation of the Bank’s Best Execution Policy, by checking the Brokers and Counterparties network and activity.

2. SCOPE OF APPLICATION

2.1. Investment services, financial instruments and clients in scope

Following MIFID II, this Policy applies to retail and professional clients regardless of whether they are an elective professional (via opt-up process) or per se professional.

The Policy applies to all investment services given by the Bank, as detailed below:

- Reception and transmission of client orders.
- Discretionary portfolio management.

In terms of financial instruments, the Bank distinguishes the following categories:

1. Equities - Shares & Depositary Receipts
2. Debt instruments
3. Interest rates derivatives
4. Credit derivatives
5. Currency derivatives
6. Structured finance instruments
7. Equity derivatives
8. Securitized derivatives
9. Commodities derivatives and emission allowances derivatives
10. Contracts for difference
11. Exchange traded products
12. Emissions allowances
13. Other instruments.

2.2. Exceptions to the applicability of the Policy

a) Eligible Counterparties

As set above, eligible counterparties are therefore excluded from the scope of application of this Policy. Nevertheless, in all its relations with eligible counterparties, BPP must act with honesty, impartiality, and professionalism, issuing information, which is impartial, clear and not misleading, taking into account the nature of the eligible counterparty and the activities thereof.

b) Specific instruction provided by the client

When a client gives specific instruction(s) for the execution of an order (a given place of execution, a specific currency...), the order will be executed, as reasonably possible, by the specific instruction(s) provided by the client.

In case of client specific restrictions, best execution as defined in this Policy may only be delivered within those constraints.

The Bank will keep a record of the instructions issued by its clients as proof that the order has been overseen in line with said instructions, because of which it was not possible to apply the protections set up in this Policy.

Under no circumstances the Bank will encourage its clients to give specific instructions for execution of their orders when said instructions could prevent it obtaining the best result possible for the client.

Market conditions

Where an order has an impact on the market price, it being due to its size and/or the low liquidity of the financial instruments, the Bank will consider it to be a care order to be processed in the best interests of the Client and the market. The usual best execution rules will not apply in this specific case.

c) Other specific situations

Orders are not considered to be orders executed on clients' behalf when:

- Said orders only serve to specify prices at which the Bank would be prepared to buy or sell a financial instrument.
- The client contacts the Bank to request a price.
- The Bank negotiates the terms of a transaction in which the Bank acts as principal on its own behalf (i.e., operations between the Entity and a third party who is not a retail or professional client).

3. PROCESSING OF ORDERS

3.1. Types of orders allowed

BPP accepts the following types of order:

- *Market order* (ordinary): order at market conditions without prior price indication
- *Limit order*: price condition order to enter a trade, maximum price for a buy order, minimum price for a sell order. BPP shall take the necessary measures to execute as quickly as possible client limit orders with respect to shares traded on a regulated market, or securities traded in a trading venue which are not executed immediately under existing market conditions.

Stop loss order: order to buy or sell a financial instrument at the next available price once it reaches a certain predefined price.

- *Stop-limit order*: A stop limit order is an order to buy or sell a financial product that combines the features of a stop order and a limit order. Once the stop price is reached, a stop-limit order becomes a limit order that will be executed at a specified price (or better)

Orders issued by the client will be valid for the period showed provided this follows the rules set up for each regulated market.

The Bank assumes a client order has been accepted by BPP when the signed order (issued in written format, by telephone or in digital format) is received by the manager appointed by the client. Once the order is received, the Bank will endorse the order, clearly showing the date and place the order was received and will start the process of transmitting it to the execution venue.

3.2. Order Handling

3.3.1 General considerations

When the Bank conducts client orders, it must ensure that orders are:

- Transmitted or executed promptly.
- Accurately recorded and distributed; and
- Executed sequentially unless the characteristics of the order or prevailing market conditions make this impracticable, or the interests of the client require otherwise.

3.3.2 Aggregation of orders

The Bank may group orders from a client with orders from other client(s) provided that the Bank presumes that such aggregation will not have an adverse effect on any of the clients whose orders have been aggregated.

The Bank may combine clients' orders only if the following conditions are met:

- It is unlikely that aggregating the orders will have an adverse effect on any of the clients whose orders have been aggregated.

- Clients are advised that order aggregation may have an adverse effect on them.
- The distribution and allocation of orders or aggregated operations is conducted fairly, dividing operations into as many blocks as necessary to guarantee the same average price for each client.

3.3. Transmission or execution of orders

3.3.1 Transmission of orders

In case of transmission of orders to a broker approved by the Bank, as shown as listed on the BROKERS AND COUNTERPARTIES OF BPP BY FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT, the receiving broker will execute the order following its own Best Execution Policy and contractual requirements signed between the Bank and the broker where the case may be.

3.3.2 Execution of orders

BPP is not a member of any market for the financial instruments it manages, whether on clients' or its own behalf. It therefore receives clients' orders and transmits them to third parties for execution.

Execution may only take place on approved venues or with brokers approved by the Bank, as listed on the BROKERS AND COUNTERPARTIES OF BPP BY FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT.

Orders may be executed at different execution venues:

- Regulated markets (RM).
- Multilateral Trading Facilities (MTF).
- Organized Trading Facilities (OTF).
- Systematic Internaliser (SI).

The Bank has a direct access to markets (DMA) through Bloomberg. When using DMA, the Bank can get access to the Trading Venues and directly controls the execution rather than passing the Order over to intermediaries for execution.

To achieve the best results for the orders received, purchase or sale of financial instruments may be as well executed through Bloomberg outside Regulated Markets or on other Trading Venues (orders about OTC Instruments).

In the case of specific operations (e.g., OTC, Forex, public debt), the Entity contracts the operations directly with the corresponding eligible counterparties.

Partial execution

Also, orders can be executed either totally or partially at one or more execution venues and/or at various times of day. Indeed, BPP may, at its own initiative, execute the order in several tranches and/or over several days.

In case of partial execution of grouped orders, the distribution and allocation of orders or aggregated operations is conducted equitably, dividing operations into as many blocks as necessary to guarantee the same average price for each client.

In practice, BPP may partially execute client orders in cases such as:

- On client's express instructions.
- When the Bank considers that the partial execution of the order is in the best interest of the client(s).
- For market reasons such as lack of liquidity of the instrument, when partial execution is required by the market, and the decision is outside the Bank's hands.

Where BPP has difficulties executing a client order, it will contact the client. It will also contact the client if it declines to execute an operation or conduct any other instruction that could affect the normal operation, transparency, or rhythm of the market

All orders received for the purchase or sale of financial instruments instructed on the Client's behalf are channeled whenever possible through Crèdit Andorrà through Avaloq or, as a backup solution, through BLOOMBERG Instant Messenger.

3.4. Settlement

The order process is completed when the order is settled. Until settlement, the execution is at risk. Therefore, the ability and likelihood of due settlement is a factor for the Bank in achieving the best execution possible.

4. SELECTION OF VENUES AND BROKERS

4.1. Execution factors and criteria

Best execution consists of ensuring that the Bank has taken all sufficient steps to obtain the most favorable terms possible for our customers in executing their orders, taking the following Execution factors into account:

- **Price:** referring to the final price of the financial instrument, excluding the Bank's execution fees.
- **Costs:** these pertain to commissions, costs and fees that are charged for executing the client's order, including clearing / settlement costs and Bank's own remuneration.
- **Speed:** referring to the time necessary to execute the order. The Bank executes the order at the speed which should ensure a balance between creating a market impact and prompt handling.
- **Likelihood of execution:** this is the probability that the Bank can execute the customer's order, or at least a considerable proportion of the order. The importance of this factor increases when access to liquidity for the instrument is limited.
- **Likelihood of settlement:** The likelihood of settlement is not a significant factor in the equity markets. In some situations, however, the likelihood of settlement may be a more significant factor than price.
- **Size of the order:** the size of the customer's order may be a significant factor for non-standard transactions. Large-volume transactions may have a negative impact on the price of financial instruments when executed directly as one trade on a given execution venue. Therefore, for a large order, BPP may consider the likelihood of execution and the likelihood of settlement to be key execution factors.
- **Nature of the order:** the nature of the order or specific instructions may affect its execution, as further detailed in section 2.3.
- These may also include any other factor relevant to order execution. While the price, costs, size, speed, and likelihood are decisive factors for obtaining the best result, other circumstances may appear to be key factors for the execution of orders.

The weighting of each execution factor is found according to the following Execution Criteria:

- The nature of the client, including client classification.
- The characteristics of the client order.
- The characteristics of the financial instruments to which the order refers.
- The characteristics of the brokers and/or execution venues to which the order may be directed.

When the Bank executes Orders on behalf of retail Clients, the Bank will determine the best result based on the total consideration, comprising the price of the financial instrument and the execution costs, including all expenses contracted by the client, execution venue charges, clearing and settlement fees and other fees paid to third parties involved in the execution of the order.

To figure out the best result, as defined above, if there is more than one venue competent to execute an order in respect of a financial instrument, BPP will compare the results that the client would obtain executing the order in each suitable venue, considering each venue's commissions and costs.

The decision to execute a given order via a broker or directly on a venue is subject to the nature of the order.

More details on how an order will be executed by the Bank broken down by type of financial instrument is provided in Appendix I.

4.2. Execution venue

The selection of the execution venue depends on various parameters such as the type of financial instrument, the order execution service offered in relation to the type of financial instrument and execution factors as described in section 4.1 above.

The Bank will take reasonable care not to discriminate between execution venues, to select them based on the Execution Factors of the relevant Order and to show how to access them when the Execution Criteria need the use of Financial Intermediaries.

4.3. Selection of brokers process for transmission

In carrying out its duty to take all reasonable steps to secure the best possible outcome for the execution of its customer orders, the Bank depends solely on its authorised brokers. Hence, optimal execution takes the shape of best selection. As a result, a methodology with criteria for broker selection and monitoring has been established.

Customer orders are channeled through authorized brokers, listed on our document "BROKERS AND COUNTERPARTIES OF BPP BY FIANNCIAL INSTRUMENT(as defined in BPP's Best Execution Policy)"which may include Credit Andorrà Group affiliated firms. If required, the document will be reviewed in accordance with the Best Execution & Brokers Monitoring Committee, who meets at least twice year

The Bank chooses its counterparties based on qualitative and quantitative criteria such as their service quality and soundness, such as reputation, financial stability, and access to primary and/or secondary markets, as well as consistent and dependable best execution outcomes.

The following criteria are used to select a counterparty:

- The counterparty must be approved by the Credit Andorrà Group and provide a fair credit risk to the bank.
- The counterparty must be approved by the bank, namely the Best Execution & Brokers Monitoring Committee.

When a particular order cannot be executed by an approved market member/counterparty due to the nature of the transaction or the security in question, the Bank may call on a market member/counterparty of its choice to facilitate the order's execution.

4.4. Execution of orders outside a trading venue

Where the Bank executes an order outside of a trading venue (OTC), it shall obtain, where proper or required by law, the prior consent of the client to do so. Such transactions may be subject to increased counterparty risk and settlement risk, as they are not covered by the clearing and settlement rules of a trading venue and central counterparty.

Regarding financial instruments subject to trading requirements under MIFID, the Bank will ensure orders are not executed outside a trading venue.

When dealing in derivatives, the Bank will resort to approved brokers where an ISDA agreement is in place.

4.5. Client consent

According to the General Terms and Conditions of the Bank, each order passed by the Bank on behalf of a client implies his/her implicit consent to the Policy.

Furthermore, according to the General Terms and Conditions of the Bank, the client expressly authorizes the Bank to execute operations outside regulated markets or MTFs, including instruments admitted on regulated markets or the MTF.

5. INFORMATION TO CLIENTS RELATED TO BEST EXECUTION

Clients are informed of this “Best Execution” policy and any amendments thereto, as published on the website of the Bank under the MIFID section. Best Execution obligations should be considered as an obligation of means and not a performance obligation for each individual transaction.

When a Client makes reasonable and proportionate requests to the Bank for information about the Policy, about the arrangements taken by the Bank to execute orders in compliance with the Policy and about how the Policy is reviewed, the Bank shall answer clearly and within a reasonable period.

In addition, the Bank must inform the client of any major difficulties that may potentially arise when clients’ orders are placed for execution.

Last and following the obligations to supply information, as required by MiFID II, the Bank shall publish reports to enable the public and investors to evaluate the quality of the Bank’s execution practices.

The Bank will publish on a yearly basis:

a report detailing the five main execution venues, with which the bank placed or transmitted client’s orders.

a report detailing the five main financial intermediaries it may have called upon in executing orders;
a quality of execution report aiming at providing investors with a summary of the analysis and conclusions BPP draws from the detailed monitoring of the quality of execution obtained on the execution venues where clients orders were executed in the previous year.

These reports will be made available in the MIFID section of Bank’s website.

6. UPDATE OF THE POLICY

The Bank undertakes to review the content of the Policy annually. When doing so, all terms of the Policy will be reviewed and, where necessary, amended.

Any event, and in particular a change in legislation, regulations, or standards of the market, or in market conditions, which forms a substantial development likely to affect the application of the Policy, will also be reviewed.

The Policy is published on the website of the Bank under its MIFID section, together with a link to the data on the top five execution venues, top five brokers and on the quality of execution.

7. LEGAL REFERENCES*

- Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on markets in financial instruments
- Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/565 of 25 April 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards organizational requirements and operating conditions for investment firms and defined terms for the purposes of that Directive
- Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/576 of 8 June 2016 supplementing Directive 2014/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on regulatory technical standards for the annual publication by investment firms of information on the identity of execution venues and on the quality of execution
- Law of 30 May 2018 on markets in financial instruments

*Non exhaustive

8. HISTORY

Version n°	Date	Author	Modification
	06.2019	BPP	Creation
2	18.11.2021	A. Tricarico	Policy fully reviewed
3	16.05.2022	A. Tricarico	Review of list of brokers and counterparties
4	15.03.2023	A. Tricarico	Policy updates
5	19.02.2025	Head of Market Desk / Geoffroy Glenisson	Annual review, no change.

APPENDIX I – Execution of orders per type of asset

This appendix provides further details per asset classes on the application of the best execution requirements as defined on ANNEX I, Classes of financial instruments, of the COMMISSION DELEGATED REGULATION (EU) 2017/576 of 8 June 2016 with regard to regulatory technical standards for the annual publication by investment firms of information on the identity of execution venues and on the quality of execution.

1. EQUITIES

i) Shares and Depositary Receipts

Main execution factors considered by the Bank:

- Final price plus execution costs (Total consideration)
- Likelihood of execution and settlement
- Size of transaction and market impact
- Speed of execution
- Other factors (criteria influencing the execution)

Processing: The Bank routes the orders to the brokers through automated and secured connections. Credit Andorrà, our main broker, is privileged because of an existing full straight through processing.

It allows BPP to have access to better prices and added liquidity, maximizing the likelihood of execution and reducing the execution costs due to at the Groups' level negotiated Broker contracts.

2. DEBT INSTRUMENTS

ii) Bonds

Main execution factors considered by the Bank:

- Final price plus execution costs (Total consideration)
- Size of transaction and market impact
- Likelihood of execution and settlement
- Speed of execution
- Other factors (criteria influencing the execution)

iii) Money market instruments

Main execution factors for fiduciary deposits:

- Final price plus execution costs
- Speed and probability of order execution

Processing:

The Bond's pricing and execution are traded on prices quoted on Bloomberg MTF by Banks BPP runs a trading limit with. A quote request is sent out to the counterparties or brokers for the requested order size. When dealing in illiquid market conditions, the trading desk will inform the account manager and ask for approval to execute at the first tradable price.

Limit orders are placed either on a regulated market or with a Broker through an electronic trading platform.

Money market deposits are placed with Head Office Credit Andorra for cash pooling reasons. Fiduciary deposits, an off-balance sheet product – the customer owns the risk on the counterparty, are placed with the Bank's approved counterparties but chosen by the customer.

3. INTEREST RATES DERIVATIVES

- i) Futures and options admitted to trading on a trading venue
- ii) Swaps, forwards, and other interest rates derivatives
 - Final price plus execution costs.
 - Other factors

Processing: Derivatives orders are considered as “execution instruction with specification”, for which the customer defines himself the execution terms.

The Bank routes the orders to the brokers through automated and secured connections. Credit Andorrà, our main broker, is privileged because of an existing full straight through processing. It allows BPP to have access to better prices and added liquidity, maximizing the likelihood of execution

4. CREDIT DERIVATIVES

- i) Futures and options admitted on trading on a trading venue
- ii) Other credit derivatives
 - Final price plus execution costs.
 - Other factors

Processing: Derivatives orders are considered as “execution instruction with specification”, for which the customer defines himself the execution terms.

The Bank routes the orders to the brokers through automated and secured connections. Credit Andorrà, our main broker, is privileged because of an existing full straight through processing. It allows BPP to have access to better prices and added liquidity, maximizing the likelihood of execution.

5. CURRENCY DERIVATIVES

- i) Futures and options admitted to trading on a trading venue
- ii) Swaps, forwards, and other currency derivatives

Main execution factors considered by the Bank:

- Final price plus execution costs
- Markets penetration
- Execution quality Technology/Back-Office
- Speed
- Orders care

Processing: Derivatives orders are considered as “execution instruction with specification”, for

which the customer defines himself the execution terms.

The Bank routes the orders to the brokers through automated and secured connections. Credit Andorrà, our main broker, is privileged because of an existing full straight through processing. It allows BPP to have access to better prices and added liquidity, maximizing the likelihood of execution.

For **Foreign Exchange Forwards and Swaps**, fast pricing and available trading counterparty limits, previously approved by the management, are to be considered.

6. STRUCTURED FINANCE INSTRUMENTS

Main execution factors considered by the Bank:

- Final price plus execution costs availability
- Speed and probability of order execution in low liquidity environment

Processing: Whenever a structured product is tradable on a regulated market, the order is preferably transmitted to our main broker, Credit Andorrà, who takes care of the order placing.

If the product is not tradable on a regulated market, the order is sent to a broker or market maker, the product issuer.

7. EQUITY DERIVATIVES

- i) Options and Futures admitted to trading on a trading venue
- ii) Other equity derivatives

- Final price plus execution costs
- Markets penetration
- Execution quality Technology/Back-Office
- Speed
- Orders care

Processing: Derivatives orders are considered as “execution instruction with specification”, for which the customer defines himself the execution terms.

The Bank routes the orders to the brokers through an automated and secured connections. Credit Andorrà, our main broker, is privileged because of an existing full straight through processing. It allows BPP to have access to better prices and added liquidity, maximizing the likelihood of execution.

8. SECURITIZED DERIVATIVES

- i) Warrants and Certificate Derivatives
- ii) Other securitized derivatives

Main execution factors considered by the Bank:

- Final price plus execution costs
- Markets penetration
- Execution quality Technology/Back-Office
- Speed

- Orders care

Processing: The Bank routes the orders to the brokers through automated and secured connections. Credit Andorrà, our main broker, is privileged because of an existing full straight through processing.

It allows BPP to have access to better prices and added liquidity, maximizing the likelihood of execution and reducing the execution costs.

9. COMMODITIES DERIVATIVES AND EMISSION ALLOWANCES DERIVATIVES

- i) Futures and Options admitted to trading on a trading venue
- ii) Other commodities derivatives and emission allowances derivatives

Main execution factors considered by the Bank:

- Final price plus execution costs
- Markets penetration
- Execution quality Technology/Back-Office
- Speed
- Orders care

Processing: The Bank routes the orders to the brokers through automated and secured connections. Credit Andorrà, our main broker, is privileged because of an existing full straight through processing.

It allows BPP to have access to better prices and added liquidity, maximizing the likelihood of execution and reducing the execution costs

10. CONTRACTS FOR DIFFERENCE is not offered by BPP.

11. EXCHANGE TRADED PRODUCTS

- i) Exchange traded products
- ii) Exchange traded notes
- iii) Exchange traded commodities

Main execution factors considered by the Bank:

- Final price plus execution costs
- Likelihood of execution
- Size of transaction and market impact
- Speed
- Other factors

Processing: The Bank routes the orders to the brokers through automated and secured connections. Credit Andorrà, our main broker, is privileged because of an existing full straight through processing.

It allows BPP to have access to better prices and added liquidity, maximizing the likelihood of execution and reducing the execution costs due to at the Groups' level negotiated Broker contracts.

12. EMISSION ALLOWANCES

Main execution factors considered by the Bank:

- Final price plus execution costs availability
- Speed and probability of order execution in low liquidity environment

Processing: Whenever a structured product is tradable on a regulated market, the order is preferably transmitted to our main broker, Credit Andorrà, who takes care of the order placing. If the product is not tradable on a regulated market, the order is sent to a broker or market maker, the product issuer.

13. OTHER INSTRUMENTS INVESTMENT FUNDS subscription, redemption, switch

Main execution factors considered by the Bank:

- Execution availability through a Platform or direct through a TA
- Speed of product opening
- Cut-off times

Processing: BPP transmits the Fund orders preferably through various order centralizer platforms. If the requested fund is not available on the platforms, the order is transmitted directly to the Transfer Agent chosen by the promoter.

Furthermore, the transmission of the order may be delayed if the fund is not available in the Bank's database or if the establishment of a new trading relationship is needed.